

PACE - Dan Hughes



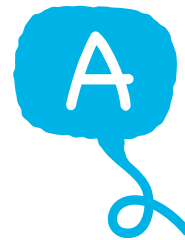
Playful

- ★ Creates an atmosphere of lightness, openness and interest
- ★ Antidote to shame, anger and fear; “*stress buster*”
- ★ Involves smiling, laughter and humour
- ★ Telling funny stories
- ★ Being able to laugh at yourself and not take yourself too seriously
- ★ Being together, enjoying each other’s company, having fun!
Generates pleasure and delight; desire to spend more time together.
- ★ Caution! Don’t use sarcasm or laugh at the young person



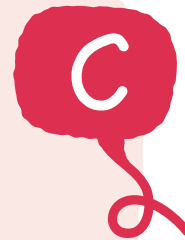
Accepting

- ★ Being able to see the child underneath the behaviours
- ★ Unconditional acceptance for the child (but not their behaviours)
- ★ Creates a sense of safety and security for the child
- ★ Non-judgementally accepting the young person’s views, feelings, thoughts, motives, perceptions, regardless if they are true or not
- ★ Avoid negative judgements – e.g. don’t say I “you just took that money because you have no respect”; instead you can say “I am cross that you took that money”



Curious

- ★ Wanting to get to know and understand the young person
- ★ Interest in understanding what is going on for the young person here and now; show acceptance and empathy – e.g. “how does that seem to you; tell me about that; what do you think about that” etc.
- ★ Attitude of not knowing rather than assuming
- ★ Opens doors for exploration and discovery, the real “*stuff*”
- ★ Can make guesses about what the young person is thinking or feeling (e.g. “*I wonder if...*”); saying out loud as if just to yourself, not expecting an answer



Empathic

- ★ Allows the young person to feel understood, i.e. “*you get me*”
- ★ Shows the young person that adults are kind, strong and able to help
- ★ Capacity to “*sit*” with the feeling, no matter how difficult, and “*hold*” the young person through it
- ★ Communicates “*you are not alone, I am here with you and for you; we will get through this together*”
- ★ Not problem solving or reassurance

