MORDS MATTER

TRAUMA
SENSITIVE LANGUAGE
WITH CHILDREN

Behaviour is often an expression of the way that children and young people have experienced their past relationships. They show their hurt and pain through what they do. The way that the behaviour is described can shape the way they see themselves and the way that others interact with them.

It is important that we do not use words that further alienate or disadvantage children and young people. Negative and unhelpful words can serve to blame children for their past experiences of trauma. It can lead to harmful labels being ascribed to children that they can never be rid of. We should use language that positively interprets their needs and suggest ways that children and young people can be better connect to the important people in their lives. Preferable language holds the expectations of adults to understand and react to children's needs rather than placing the responsibility for change with the child.







DISRESPECTFUL AND RUDE

DFFIANT

MANIPULATIVE

DISRUPTIVE

- Urge to push bad feelings away
- Testing strength of connection
- Seeking belonging with peers
- Sense of shame
- Sense of danger
- Fearing separation from caregiver
- Fearing change or transitions
- Attempting to establish predictability
- Trying to predict the level of safety of adult behaviours
- Using early survival patterns that previously kept them safe
- · Imitating early adult role models
- Difficulty articulating feelings
- Attempting to keep adults at a distance
- Seeking support when they feel endangered
- Feeling unworthy of connection
- Avoiding feeling of shame
- Feeling anxiety
- Attempting to regain mastery over a situation
- Attempting to compensate for poor social or learning skills

- Distressed
- Afraid
- Frustrated
- Uncertain
- Threatened
- Afraid
- Anxious
- Shutdown
- Feeling out of control
- Needing distance
- Needing safety
- Resourceful
- Self-soothing
- Trying to engage
- Expressing uncertainty
- Feeling overwhelmed
- Distressed
- Ashamed
- Lacking confidence
- Threatened
- Anxious
- Unhappy
- Worried



DS MATT

TRAUMA SENSITIVE LANGUAGE WITH CHILDREN



NEGATIVELY CHARGED LANGUAGE



WHAT MIGHT BE HAPPENING IN THE MOMENT



ACCRESSIVE AND

RISK TAKING

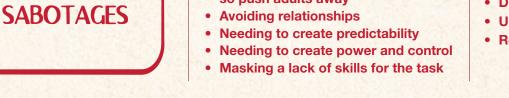
ABSCONDING

STFAL S

• Feeling unworthy of love

- Feeling stuck in rigidity or chaos
- Divided loyalty
- Fear of betrayal
- Attempting to create a distraction to protect themselves
- Feeling unworthy or unvalued
- Trying to reduce distress
- May be self-regulating in the form of self-harm or risk to others
- Seeking power, approval or affirmation of strength
- Feeling scared for themselves or someone they love
- Needing to move body to help regulate sensory overload
- Past patterns of self-reliance due to neglect
- **Collecting items for self-preservation**
- Wanting to impress peers
- **Needing to feel reassured**
- Seeking a sense of control in environment
- Attempting to be in control with adults
- · Fearful of connecting or losing a connection
- Inability to trust due to past betrayal so push adults away
- **Avoiding relationships**

- Distressed
- Threatened
- Overstimulated
- Overwhelmed
- Reacting to change
- In need of connection
- Changing belonging
- Desperate
- Lonely
- Self-protective
- Limit testing
- Needing to be loved
- Dysregulated
- Overwhelmed
- Needing a safe relationship
- Hopeful of change
- Distressed
- Retreating
- Misunderstood
- Needing connection and belonging
- Feeling out of control
- Hungry
- Trying to be resourceful
- Desperate
- Survival focused
- Self-protective
- In pain
- Overwhelmed
- Disappointed
- Unsafe
- Reacting to uncertainty





WORDS MATTER

TRAUMA SENSITIVE LANGUAGE WITH CHILDREN



NEGATIVELY CHARGED LANGUAGE



WHAT MIGHT BE HAPPENING IN THE MOMENT



SNEAKY

SHUT DOWN

LIAR AND DISHONEST

ATTENTION SEEKING

OVERREACTS OR EXAGGERATES

- Being small or unseen may have been an early survival strategy
- Early neglect may create need to control a situation or accumulate resources
- Afraid of pain, threats or being misunderstood
- Unwilling to appear vulnerable
- Wanting to hurt someone they do not trust
- Appeasing may be a learnt strategy to keep adults happy and avoid being hurt
- Feeling excluded,unworthy or unloved
- Shutting out traumatic memories or thoughts
- May indicate cognitive processes are too hard to sustain
- Fear of expressing emotions
- Feeling powerless
- · Avoiding a difficult truth
- Re-interpreting reality to alleviate shame
- Avoiding getting in trouble
- Unmet need for connection or safety
- Needing to feel loved and nurtured
- Needing to feel seen, heard and valued
- Fearing disconnection in social and peer relationships
- Sensory overload may make processing hard
- Feeling unsafe with someone they see as a bully
- Feeling shame

- Vigilant
- Worried
- Watchful
- Tense
- Agitated
- On guard
- Nervous
- Alarmed
- Sad
- Disconnected
- Overwhelmed
- Hiding
- Threatened
- Seeking comfort
- Agitated
- Afraid
- Imagining things are different
- Needing nurture
- Confused
- Needing acceptance
- Hopeful of a different outcome
- Feeling worthless and unlovable
- Needing closeness
- Needing connection
- Displaced
- Threatened
- Uncertain
- Distressed
- Needing nurture
- Needing connection
- Overwhelmed
- Reclaiming personal agency
- Wanting to be listened to
- Needing validation



WORDS MATTER

TRAUMA SENSITIVE LANGUAGE WITH CHILDREN



NEGATIVELY CHARGED LANGUAGE





UNGRATEFUL

NARCISSISTIC

INAPPROPRIATE HUMOUR

INTIMIDATING

- May have blocked trust from past experiences
- Afraid adults will not meet their needs
- Trying to avoid being seen as disloyal to parents
- Afraid to show gratitude as a weakness
- Scared of attachment to caregiver
- · Scared of not getting their needs met
- Fear of being alone or disapproved of
- Needing to be rewarded or praised as the best
- May lack empathy modelling or ability to express empathy
- · May lack ability to self soothe
- Unable to understand social cues
- Feeling that people will not like them
- Disconnection or disassociation from painful memories/thoughts
- May have missed chance to mirror emotions with a safe adult
- Re-enacting patterns of relying on self for safety
- Lacking interpersonal skills or needing to test the relationship
- May have needed to be the caregiver in the past
- Fear of adults or of connection
- Creating predictability
- Struggling with novelty and spontaneity
- Attempting to seek power over their circumstances

- Fearful of change
- Afraid
- Overwhelmed
- Distressed
- Needing affirmation
- Invalidated
- Unworthy
- Unsafe
- Needing nurture
- Fearful
- Competitive
- Needing connection
- Mistrusting of others
- Isolated
- Self-sufficient
- Unloved
- Overcompensating
- · Need to 'act' a part
- Needing belonging
- Trying to engage
- Relieving pressure
- Threatened
- Creating predictability
- Self-protective
- Testing relationship
- Isolated
- Alone
- Distressed
- Organised
- Needing familiarity
- Needing boundaries
- Needing predictability

CONTROLLING



WORDS MATTER

TRAUMA SENSITIVE LANGUAGE WITH CHILDREN



NEGATIVELY CHARGED LANGUAGE





FIDGETING OR UNSETTLED

FORGETFUL OR DISORGANISED

BABY TALK

IGNORING ROUTINES

CLINGY

- Needing adults to help them regulate their emotions
- Needing to disassociate from memories, thoughts and triggers
- Bodily reaction to a state of dysregulation
- May be a dissociative state
- May be hypo-arousal in the context of a trauma trigger
- Response to inappropriate expectations of adults or older children
- A reflection of the impact of trauma on memory
- May have experienced early loss of nurture and attachment
- May believe they need to be cute to be loveable
- May be regressing to an age before they experienced abuse
- May not know appropriate ways to connect with others
- Early failure of nurture leading to body dissociation
- Bedtime may have been unsafe in the past
- Fear of abandonment or lack of care
- Inability to feel full because of not being fed
- Difficulty regulating fatigue/hunger systems
- Needing to know where adults are
- Fear of abandonment or being forgotten
- Feeling unworthy of love or of being inferior
- Attempting to maintain relationship with primary adult

- Overwhelmed
- Self soothing
- Needing nurture
- Anxious
- Distressed
- Overwhelmed
- Scared
- Stressed
- Needing support
- Threatened
- Needing more structure and predictability
- Needing nurture
- Needing connection
- Afraid of abandonment
- Overwhelmed
- Needing comfort
- Needing validation
- Overwhelmed
- Sensorily overwhelmed
- Needing connection
- Hungry
- Overstimulated
- Needing structure
- Needing predictability
- Afraid
- Needing nurture and reassurance
- Needing comfort
- Needing to be validated
- Needing connection

